

EMGOLD MINING CORPORATION
(an exploration stage company)
INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007
(expressed in United States dollars)

The Company's independent auditor has not performed a review of these interim consolidated financial statements.

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EMGOLD MINING CORPORATION

(an exploration stage company)

Interim Consolidated Balance Sheets

(expressed in United States dollars)

	June 30, 2008	December 31, 2007
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 165,877	\$ 176,881
Short-term investments	2,260,469	4,640,637
Accounts receivable	56,828	103,147
Due from related party (note 7)	365,198	100,493
Prepaid expenses and deposits	317,303	260,463
	3,165,675	5,281,621
Other	7,865	8,061
Equipment (note 5)	216,085	274,565
Mineral property interests (note 3)	962,448	942,448
	\$ 4,352,073	\$ 6,506,695
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 242,551	\$ 325,924
Due to related parties (note 7)	321,242	386,369
Capital lease obligation (note 4)	5,976	5,843
	569,769	718,136
Capital lease obligation (note 4)	22,670	25,661
Preference shares (notes 6 and 7)	735,320	750,624
	1,327,759	1,494,421
Shareholders' equity		
Common shares	38,397,699	38,231,882
Preference shares (note 6)	90,902	90,902
Warrants	3,021,773	3,049,862
Contributed surplus	3,193,147	2,972,267
Deficit	(41,101,751)	(38,755,183)
Accumulated other comprehensive income	(577,456)	(577,456)
	3,024,314	5,012,274
	\$ 4,352,073	\$ 6,506,695

Basis of presentation and operations (note 1)

Commitments (note 4)

See accompanying notes to interim consolidated financial statements.

Approved by the Directors

"Robin A. W. Elliott"
Director

"Sargent H. Berner"
Director

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EMGOLD MINING CORPORATION

(an exploration stage company)

Interim Consolidated Statements of Operations and Deficit

(expressed in United States dollars)

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
Expenses				
Amortization	\$ 11,443	\$ 22,677	\$ 23,063	\$ 45,403
Accretion of debt portion of preference shares	3,400	3,123	6,814	6,049
Ceramex [®] expenses (note 9)	94,733	157,650	198,965	326,792
Exploration expenses (note 8)	624,679	553,728	1,232,131	1,257,400
Foreign exchange loss (gain)	(29,640)	11,493	83,699	14,401
Finance expense	14,357	13,362	28,794	25,939
Legal, accounting and audit	43,215	63,927	69,702	86,951
Management and consulting fees	41,790	9,710	114,780	18,699
Office and administration	101,042	84,439	188,137	165,479
Other consulting	--	4,294	--	18,844
Salaries and benefits	93,257	124,531	175,473	258,933
Stock-based compensation	167,966	--	167,966	--
Shareholder communications	48,568	63,246	89,708	125,942
Travel	12,851	44,181	16,140	68,044
	1,227,661	1,156,361	2,395,372	2,418,876
Other income				
Interest income	(12,580)	(9,427)	(48,804)	(28,220)
Gain on sale of equipment	--	(3,298)	--	(3,298)
Loss for the period	(1,215,081)	(1,143,636)	(2,346,568)	(2,387,358)
Recovery of future income taxes	--	--	--	248,051
Loss for the period	(1,215,081)	(1,143,636)	(2,346,568)	(2,139,307)
Deficit, beginning of period	(39,886,670)	(33,914,725)	(38,755,183)	(32,919,054)
Deficit, end of period	\$ (41,101,751)	\$ (35,058,361)	\$ (41,101,751)	\$ (35,058,361)
Loss per share – basic and diluted	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.02)	\$ (0.03)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding	157,337,774	83,759,406	157,081,389	83,759,406
Total common shares outstanding at end of period	157,519,642	83,759,406	157,519,642	83,759,406

Interim Statements of Comprehensive Income

	Three months ended June 30, 2008	Three months ended June 30, 2007	Six months ended June 30, 2008	Six months ended June 30, 2007
Loss for the period before comprehensive income	\$ (1,215,081)	\$ (1,143,636)	\$ (2,346,568)	\$ (2,139,307)
Other comprehensive income	--	--	--	--
Comprehensive loss for the period	\$ (1,215,081)	\$ (1,143,636)	\$ (2,346,568)	\$ (2,139,307)

See accompanying notes to interim consolidated financial statements.

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EMGOLD MINING CORPORATION

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Interim Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity

Six months ended June 30, 2008

(expressed in United States dollars)

	Common Shares Without Par Value		Preference Shares	Warrants	Contributed Surplus	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	Deficit	Total Shareholders' Equity
	Shares	Amount						
Balance, December 31, 2006	83,759,406	\$33,062,945	\$90,902	\$1,085,434	\$2,412,930	\$(577,456)	\$(32,919,054)	\$3,155,701
Future income tax – flow through shares	--	(221,734)	--	--	--	--	--	(221,734)
Private placement at Cdn\$0.11 less share issue costs	72,730,236	5,390,671	--	1,964,428	--	--	--	7,355,099
Stock based compensation	--	--	--	--	559,337	--	--	559,337
Loss for the year	--	--	--	--	--	--	(5,836,129)	(5,836,129)
Balance, December 31, 2007	156,489,642	38,231,882	90,902	3,049,862	2,972,267	(577,456)	\$(38,755,183)	5,012,274
Loss for the period	--	--	--	--	--	--	(2,346,568)	(2,346,568)
Warrants exercised	392,500	67,553	--	(18,671)	--	--	--	48,882
Agents' warrants exercised	550,000	79,048	--	(9,418)	--	--	--	69,630
Stock options granted	--	--	--	--	227,081	--	--	227,081
Stock options exercised	87,500	19,216	--	--	(6,201)	--	--	13,015
Balance, June 30, 2008	157,519,642	\$38,397,699	\$90,902	\$3,021,773	\$3,193,147	\$(577,456)	\$(41,101,751)	\$3,024,314

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EMGOLD MINING CORPORATION

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Interim Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(expressed in United States dollars)

	Three months ended		Six months ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
Cash provided by (used for):				
Operations:				
Loss for the period	\$ (1,215,081)	\$ (1,143,636)	\$ (2,346,568)	\$ (2,139,307)
Items not involving cash				
Amortization	30,811	43,222	63,648	86,493
Gain on sale of fixed asset	--	(3,298)	--	(3,298)
Accretion of debt component of preference shares	3,400	3,123	6,814	6,049
Unrealized foreign exchange loss (gain)	3,651	53,635	(21,925)	59,483
Recovery of future income tax	--	--	--	(248,051)
Stock-based compensation	227,081	--	227,081	--
Changes in non-cash operating working capital				
Accounts receivable	7,073	(3,114)	46,319	(25,159)
Due to/from related parties	3,274	236,440	(329,832)	368,857
Prepaid expenses and deposits	(3,825)	(83,496)	(56,840)	(54,654)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(120,413)	81,992	(83,373)	180,124
Capital lease obligations	--	--	--	--
	(1,064,029)	(815,132)	(2,494,676)	(1,769,463)
Investing activities:				
Mineral property acquisition costs	(20,000)	(15,000)	(20,000)	(15,094)
Equipment additions	(5,165)	643	(5,165)	(18,568)
Purchase of short term investments	813,082	344,635	2,380,168	(538,788)
Proceeds on disposition of prototype equipment	--	10,000	--	10,000
	787,917	340,278	2,355,003	(562,450)
Financing activities:				
Common shares issued for cash	59,562	--	131,527	--
Deferred share issue costs	--	(18,929)	--	(18,929)
Capital lease payments	(1,441)	(1,964)	(2,858)	(1,964)
	58,121	(20,893)	128,669	(20,893)
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents during the period	(217,991)	(495,747)	(11,004)	(2,352,806)
Cash, beginning of period	383,868	647,318	176,881	2,504,377
Cash, end of period	\$ 165,877	\$ 151,571	\$ 165,877	\$ 151,571

See accompanying notes to interim consolidated financial statements

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EMGOLD MINING CORPORATION

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Notes to Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

Six months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007

(expressed in United States dollars)

1. Basis of presentation and operations:

The accompanying consolidated financial statements for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2008 and 2007, have been prepared using Canadian generally accepted accounting principles ("Canadian GAAP") and are unaudited, but in the opinion of management, reflect all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) necessary for the fair presentation of the financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the interim periods presented. The consolidated financial statements for the interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year and have been prepared using Canadian GAAP applicable to a going concern.

These consolidated financial statements do not contain the detail or footnote disclosure concerning accounting policies and other matters, which would be included in full year financial statements, and therefore should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2007.

As at June 30, 2008, the Company has no source of operating cash flow and has an accumulated deficit of \$41,101,751. In addition, the Company has working capital, which is defined as current assets less current liabilities, of \$2,595,906 and has capitalized \$962,448 in acquisition costs related to the Rozan, Stewart, Jazz and Idaho-Maryland mineral property interests. The Company had a loss of \$1,215,081 for the three-month period ended June 30, 2008 and a loss of \$2,346,568 for the six-month period ended June 30, 2008. Operations for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2008, have been funded primarily from the redemption of the Company's short-term investments.

The Company is in the process of exploring its mineral property interests and has not yet determined whether its mineral property interests contain mineral reserves that are economically recoverable. The Company's continuing operations and the underlying value and recoverability of the amounts shown for mineral property interests are entirely dependent upon the existence of economically recoverable mineral reserves, the ability of the Company to obtain the necessary financing to complete the exploration and development of its mineral property interests and on future profitable production or proceeds from the disposition of the mineral property interests or other interests.

The Company's current financial position and forecast cash flow requirements for the next year to meet its mineral property requirements and corporate requirements indicate that there is substantial doubt about the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern.

The Company's ability to continue operations is contingent on its ability to obtain additional financing. Management is confident that it will be able to secure the necessary financing; however, there is no assurance that management will be successful in achieving this objective.

These consolidated financial statements do not reflect adjustments to the amounts of assets and liabilities, the reported revenues and expenses and balance sheet classifications that would be necessary if the going concern assumption were not appropriate. Such adjustments could be material.

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Notes to Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

Six months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007

(expressed in United States dollars)

2. Accounting policies:

The accounting policies followed by the Company are set out in note 2 to the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2007, and have been consistently followed in the preparation of these financial statements except that the Company has adopted the following Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants guidelines effective for the Company's first interim period commencing January 1, 2008:

a) Capital disclosures

CICA handbook section 1535, "Capital Disclosures", establishes standards for disclosing information about the Company's capital and how it is managed including (i) an entity's objectives, policies and processes for managing capital, (ii) quantitative data about what an entity considers capital, (iii) whether the entity is in compliance with capital requirements; and (iv) if it has not complied, the consequences of such non-compliance.

b) Financial instruments disclosures

The CICA issued handbook section 3862, "Financial Instruments – Disclosure" and section 3863 "Financial Instruments – Presentation" which are effective for fiscal years beginning on or after October 1, 2007. CICA handbook section 3862, "Financial Instruments – Disclosures", requires entities to provide disclosure of quantitative and qualitative information in their financial statements. This information enables users to evaluate the significance of financial instruments on the Company's operations and the nature and extent of risks arising from financial instruments to which the Company is exposed during the period and at the balance sheet date. The Company will be required to disclose the measurement bases used for its financial instruments as well as the criteria used to determine the classification for different types of instruments.

The purpose of CICA handbook section 3863 "Financial Instruments – Presentation" is to enhance the financial statement users' understanding of the significance of financial instruments to the Company's financial position, performance and cash flows.

c) General standards on financial statement presentation

CICA handbook section 1400, "General Standards on Financial Statement Presentation", has been amended to include requirements to assess and disclose a Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The changes were effective for interim and annual financial statements beginning January 1, 2008.

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Six months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007

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3. Mineral property interests:

The acquisition costs of the Company's interests in mineral properties owned or under option, consist of the following:

Mineral property acquisition costs	June 30, 2008	December 31, 2007
Idaho-Maryland Property, California	\$ 589,276	\$ 589,276
Porph Claims, British Columbia	6,910	6,910
Rozan Gold Property, British Columbia	120,821	120,821
Jazz Property, British Columbia	75,169	55,169
Stewart Property, British Columbia	170,272	170,272
	\$ 962,448	\$ 942,448

Idaho-Maryland Property, California

The term of the initial lease on the Idaho-Maryland property, as amended in fiscal 2002 was for a period of five years, commencing on June 1, 2002, and ending on May 31, 2007. The owners granted the Company the exclusive right and option to purchase all of the leased property. The property is subject to a 3% Net Smelter Royalty ("NSR") from production if the property is still being leased. Any royalty payments made prior to exercising the purchase option may be deducted from the purchase price. Lease payments of \$25,500 were payable quarterly until February 1, 2007, as amended. In February 2007, for a one-time payment of \$75,000 the Company negotiated an extension to the initial amended lease, whereby the exercise date was extended from May 31, 2007 to December 31, 2008. The Company agreed to a quarterly lease payment of \$75,000 beginning on May 1, 2007, and continuing for the term of the revised lease. All other conditions of the original agreement, including the option purchase price and NSR remain unchanged.

Provided that payments are kept current, the Company may purchase the property at any time. The purchase price for 2008 is \$5,194,127, and is increased by 3% each lease-year.

Rozan Gold Property, British Columbia

In 2000, the Company entered into an option agreement to acquire the rights to the Rozan Gold Property, a prospect located south of the community of Nelson in the Red Mountain area of south-eastern British Columbia. The Company earned a 100% interest in the property by making stepped payments totalling Cdn\$100,000 and issuing 200,000 common shares. The property is subject to a 3.0% NSR. The Company has the right to purchase 66% of the royalty for the sum of Cdn\$1,000,000 and has the first right of refusal to purchase the remaining 33%.

Jazz Property, British Columbia

In April 2004, the Company entered into an option agreement to acquire a 100% interest in the Jazz Property consisting of 24 mineral claims located in the Nelson Mining Division near Nelson, British Columbia. Under the terms of the agreement, the Company has agreed to make stepped cash payments totalling \$215,000 (\$65,000 paid to date) to the optioner over a ten-year period. Upon completion of the above cash payments, the Company will earn the exclusive right and option to earn 100% interest in the property, subject only to the payment to the optioner of a 3.0% NSR and the completion of Cdn\$75,000 in exploration work on the

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property within two years from the date of the agreement (completed). The Company will have the right to purchase 66% of the NSR from the optioner for \$1,000,000 at any time up to and including the commencement of commercial production.

Stewart Property, British Columbia

Pursuant to an option agreement entered into in 2001 and amended in 2006, the Company acquired the rights to the Stewart mineral claims, a prospect located close to Nelson in south eastern British Columbia. The Company will earn a 100% interest in the property by making payments totalling Cdn\$104,000 (Cdn\$80,000 paid to date) and issuing 260,000 common shares (issued). The Company is vested with 100% right, title and interest in and to the property, subject only to a 3% NSR payable to the optioners. The Company has the right to purchase 66% of the royalty for the sum of Cdn\$1,000,000 and has the first right of refusal to purchase the remaining 33%.

Porph Claims, British Columbia

The Company has staked six claims contiguous to the Stewart Property located near Nelson in south-eastern British Columbia.

4. Capital lease obligation:

The Company leases a vehicle under a capital lease which expires in 2012 and bears simple interest at a rate of 8.69%. At June 30, 2008, future minimum lease payments under capital leases are \$28,646, including \$8,364 of anticipated interest payments, payable monthly. The current portion is \$5,976.

5. Property and equipment:

June 30, 2008	Cost	Accumulated Amortization	Net Book Value
Plant and field equipment	\$ 249,472	\$ 171,670	\$ 77,802
Office furniture and equipment	77,916	49,093	28,823
Research equipment	163,466	95,080	68,386
Computer hardware and software	126,527	111,021	15,506
Leasehold improvements	127,324	125,056	2,268
Vehicle – held under capital lease	38,833	15,533	23,300
Total	\$ 783,538	\$ 567,453	\$ 216,085

December 31, 2007	Cost	Accumulated Amortization	Net Book Value
Plant and field equipment	\$ 249,472	\$ 146,719	\$ 102,753
Office furniture and equipment	77,018	41,675	35,343
Research equipment	163,466	78,732	84,734
Computer hardware and software	122,260	102,721	19,539
Leasehold improvements	127,324	122,311	5,013
Vehicle – held under capital lease	38,833	11,650	27,183
Total	\$ 778,373	\$ 503,808	\$ 274,565

Research equipment is being used for research and development of the Ceramext® Process.

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Six months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007

(expressed in United States dollars)

6. Share capital:

Authorized

Unlimited number of common shares without par value

Unlimited number of first preference shares without par value

Preference shares

Equity portion of Class A Preference Shares	Number of Shares	Amount
Balance, December 31, 2007	3,948,428	\$ 90,902
Balance, June 30, 2008	3,948,428	90,902
Debt Portion of Class A Preference Shares	June 30, 2008	December 31, 2007
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 750,624	\$ 626,724
Accretion of debt	6,814	12,822
Foreign exchange (gain) / loss on debt	(22,118)	111,078
	(15,304)	123,900
Balance, end of period	\$ 735,320	\$ 750,624

The Class A Convertible Preference Shares have no fixed term, rank in priority to the Company's common shares and are entitled to fixed cumulative preferential dividends at a rate of 7% per annum. The shares are redeemable by the Company at any time after 30 days written notice at a redemption price of Cdn\$0.20 per share, but are redeemable by the holder only out of funds available that are not, in the Company's opinion, otherwise required for the development of the Company's mineral property interests or to maintain a minimum of Cdn\$2,000,000 in working capital.

The Class A Convertible Preference Shares are convertible, at the option of the holder, into common shares at any time at a ratio of one common share for every four Class A Convertible Preference Shares. The Preference Shares also have attached a gold redemption feature by which holders may elect at the time of any proposed redemption to receive gold valued at \$300 per ounce in lieu of cash, provided the Company has on hand at the time, gold having an aggregate value of not less than the redemption amount.

The value of the convertible preference shares was split into a debt component and an equity component. This resulted in \$90,902 being included in equity. The debt portion of the preference shares fluctuates due to both accretion and fluctuations in the Canadian to U.S. dollar exchange rate. At June 30, 2008, \$303,204 (December 31, 2007 - \$284,146) has been accrued in due to related parties in relation to the 7% fixed cumulative preferential dividends. Dividends payable on the preference shares are recorded when they are declared by the Board of Directors, but will remain unpaid until the Company has the resources to do so. The debt portion of the convertible preference shares is being accreted over ten years from inception. This period is based on management's best estimate of the life of the convertible preference shares, and is reassessed annually.

Stock options:

The Company has a rolling stock option plan for its directors and employees to acquire common shares of the Company at a price determined by the fair market value of the shares at the date of grant. The maximum aggregate number of common shares reserved for issuance pursuant to the plan is 10% of the issued and

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outstanding common shares, or 15,710,964 common shares. During the six-month period ended June 30, 2008, 75,000 stock options expired with exercise prices between \$0.90 and \$1.00 and 82,500 stock options were exercised by an officer of the Company with an exercise price of \$0.15. At June 30, 2008, 15,635,500 stock options were outstanding, exercisable for periods up to ten years.

On May 12, 2008, the Company granted 1,900,000 stock options to employees at an exercise price of \$0.20, with an expiry date of May 12, 2013. The fair value of the stock options granted was estimated on the date of grant using a Black-Scholes option-pricing model with weighted average assumptions as follows: risk-free interest rate – 3.60%; expected life – 4.1 years; expected volatility – 78%; and a weighted average fair value per option granted of Cdn\$0.12. The options vested immediately under the Company's 2005 10% rolling Stock Option Plan.

On May 12, 2008, the Company also granted 200,000 stock options to a consultant at an exercise price of \$0.20, with an expiry date of May 12, 2013. The fair value of the stock option granted was estimated on the date of grant using a Black-Scholes option-pricing model with weighted average assumptions as follows: risk-free interest rate – 3.60%; expected life – 4.1 years; expected volatility – 78%; and a weighted average fair value per option granted of \$0.12. The options vest straight-line over a 12 month-period.

The following table summarizes information about the stock options outstanding at June 30, 2008:

Exercise Price	Number Outstanding and Exercisable at June 30, 2008	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life
Cdn\$0.25	170,000	1.15 years
Cdn\$0.10	428,000	3.53 years
Cdn\$1.00	2,410,000	5.52 years
Cdn\$0.90	1,745,000	6.19 years
Cdn\$0.36	160,000	2.24 years
Cdn\$0.29	820,000	3.65 years
Cdn\$0.15	7,802,500	4.45 years
Cdn\$0.20	2,100,000	4.88 years
	15,635,500	4.85 years

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Notes to Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

Six months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007

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Share purchase warrants

As at June 30, 2008, the following share purchase warrants were outstanding:

Number of Warrants	Exercise Price	Expiry Date
713,100	Cdn\$1.00	September 15, 2008
14,344,105	Cdn\$0.40	December 6, 2008
1,119,000	Cdn\$0.50	December 6, 2008
179,040	Cdn\$0.26	December 6, 2008
1,147,529	Cdn\$0.26	December 6, 2008
89,520*	Cdn\$0.50	December 6, 2008
1,147,529*	Cdn\$0.40	December 6, 2008
54,519,569	Cdn\$0.15	September 27, 2009
3,393,323	Cdn\$0.11	March 27, 2009
3,393,323*	Cdn\$0.15	March 27, 2009
7,358,000	Cdn\$0.15	October 5, 2009
416,080	Cdn\$0.11	April 5, 2009
416,080*	Cdn\$0.15	April 5, 2009
11,010,167	Cdn\$0.15	October 12, 2009
622,400	Cdn\$0.11	April 12, 2009
622,400*	Cdn\$0.15	April 12, 2009
	Weighted Average Exercise	
100,491,165	Price: Cdn\$0.20	

*Reserved for underlying warrants upon the exercise of broker and finder's warrants.

The following table summarizes warrant transactions for the year ended December 31, 2007 and the six-month period ended June 30, 2008.

	Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price (Cdn\$)
Balance, December 31, 2006	37,099,823	\$0.56
Cancelled	(18,360,000)	\$0.70
Granted	82,693,842	\$0.15
Balance, December 31, 2007	101,433,665	\$0.20
Exercised	(942,500)	\$0.12
Balance, June 30, 2008	100,491,165	\$0.20

During the six months ended June 30, 2008, 392,500 warrants were exercised at an exercise price of \$0.15 and 550,000 agent's warrants were exercised at a price of \$0.11.

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Six months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007

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7. Related party transactions and balances

Related party balances are non-interest bearing and are due on demand, with no fixed terms of repayment, with the exception of preference shares (note 6).

Balances receivable from (d):	June 30, 2008	December 31, 2007
LMC Management Services Ltd. (a)	\$ 365,198	\$ 100,493
Other		
Balances payable to:		
Directors, officers and employees	\$ 321,242	\$ 386,369

Related party transactions in these interim consolidated financial statements are as follows:

- (a) During the six months ended June 30, 2008, \$225,032 (2007 - \$216,599) was incurred in management, administrative, geological and other services provided by LMC Management Services Ltd. ("LMC"), a private company held jointly by the Company and other public companies, to provide services on a full cost recovery basis to the various public entities currently sharing office space with the Company. Currently, the Company has a 25% interest in LMC. Three months of estimated working capital is required to be on deposit with LMC under the terms of the services agreement. There is no difference between the cost of \$1 and equity value, as LMC does not retain any profits in connection with the services it provides.
- (b) Consulting fees of \$41,919 (2007 - \$18,698) were paid directly to Kent Avenue Consulting Ltd., a private company controlled by a director, Sargent H. Berner. Consulting fees of \$34,916 (2007 - \$Nil) were also paid directly to 759924 Ontario Ltd., a private company controlled by a director, Kenneth Yurichuk.
- (c) Lang Mining Corporation ("Lang Mining") is a private company controlled by Frank A. Lang, a significant shareholder of the Company. Mr. Lang and Lang Mining Corporation are the holders of preference shares, which are described in note 6.
- (d) Related party balances are non-interest bearing and are due on demand, with no fixed terms of repayment, except for preference shares, which are described in note 6.

The Company's independent auditor has not performed a review of these interim consolidated financial statements.

EMGOLD MINING CORPORATION

(an exploration stage company)

Notes to Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

Six months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007

(expressed in United States dollars)

8. Exploration expenses:

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
Idaho-Maryland Mine, California				
Exploration costs				
Assays and analysis	\$ --	\$ 59	\$ --	\$ 59
Community relations	32,420	17,879	39,243	25,471
Geological and geochemical	122,149	121,007	242,957	251,192
Land lease and taxes	75,000	75,000	153,010	176,844
Mine planning	287,133	272,560	504,312	691,502
Site activities	47,612	65,387	161,724	121,774
Stock-based compensation	59,115	--	59,115	--
Transportation	593	1,033	6,192	2,006
Incurring during the period	624,022	552,925	1,166,553	1,268,848
Rozan Property, British Columbia				
Exploration costs				
Geological and geochemical	15	431	22,678	860
Site activities	52	194	95	251
Assistance and recoveries	--	--	900	(294)
Incurring during the period	67	625	23,673	817
Stewart Property, British Columbia				
Exploration costs				
Geological and geochemical	283	(105)	30,029	37
Site activities	149	153	158	157
Assistance and recoveries	--	--	11,079	(12,465)
Incurring during the period	432	48	41,266	(12,271)
Jazz Property, British Columbia				
Exploration costs				
Geological and geochemical	113	99	479	269
Site activities	45	31	160	44
Assistance and recoveries	--	--	-	(307)
Incurring during the period	158	130	639	6
Exploration costs incurred during the period	\$ 624,679	\$ 553,728	\$ 1,232,131	\$ 1,257,400

The Company's independent auditor has not performed a review of these interim consolidated financial statements.

EMGOLD MINING CORPORATION

(an exploration stage company)

Notes to Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

Six months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007

(expressed in United States dollars)

9. **Ceramext® expenses:**

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
Ceramext® expenses				
Amortization of equipment	\$ 19,090	\$ 19,754	\$ 39,382	\$ 41,809
Ceramext® technology royalties	40,000	20,000	80,000	40,000
Consulting and legal fees	35,154	--	54,691	1,407
Office and administration	--	82,386	23,822	170,935
Site costs	--	33,489	--	64,800
Other	489	2,021	1,070	7,841
Incurring during the period	\$ 94,733	\$ 157,650	\$ 198,965	\$ 326,792

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Certain statements included herein may constitute forward-looking statements, such as estimates and statements that describe our future plans, objectives or goals, including words to the effect that we expect or management expects a stated condition or result to occur. Such forward-looking statements are made pursuant to the safe harbor provisions of the United States Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Since forward-looking statements address future events and conditions, by their very nature they involve inherent risks and uncertainties. The following list is not exhaustive of the factors that may affect any of our forward-looking statements. These and other factors should be considered carefully and readers should not place undue reliance on our forward-looking statements.

Subject to applicable law, the Company expressly disclaims any obligation to revise or update forward-looking statements in the event actual results differ from those currently anticipated. Actual results relating to mining and exploration including, among other things, resources, results of exploration, reclamation and other post-closure costs, capital costs and mine production costs could differ materially from those currently anticipated. Actual results relating to, among other things, research and development of the Ceramext® Process, capital costs and marketing and projected and/or expected revenues from the use of the Ceramext® Process could differ materially from those anticipated in such statements by reason of factors such as the source of feed materials, changes in general economic conditions and conditions in the financial markets, changes in demand, and prices for the products that may be produced. Other factors that would affect both exploration and development of mineral prospects and the research and development of the Ceramext® Process may include litigation, legislative, environmental and other judicial, regulatory, political and competitive developments in domestic and foreign areas in which we operate, technological and operational difficulties encountered in connection with our research and development activities, productivity of our resource properties, changes in demand and prices for minerals, and other judicial, regulatory, political and competitive developments in domestic and foreign areas in which we operate, labour relations matters, costs and changing foreign exchange rates. This list is not exhaustive of the factors that may affect any of our forward-looking statements. These and other factors should be considered carefully and readers should not place undue reliance on our forward-looking statements. Further information regarding these and other factors is included in our filings with the US Securities and Exchange Commission (which may be viewed at www.sec.gov) and Canadian provincial securities regulatory authorities (which may be viewed at www.sedar.com).

This MD&A should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements of Emgold Mining Corporation as at and for the year ended December 31, 2007, and the unaudited interim consolidated financial statements for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2008. All dollar figures stated herein are expressed in United States dollars, unless otherwise specified.

1.1 Date

The effective date of this report is August 27, 2008.

1.2 Overview

Emgold Mining Corporation (“Emgold” or the “Company”) is a mineral exploration company. The Company has a portfolio of advanced and early-stage mineral exploration projects and was also engaged in conducting research and development and is now looking to commercialize the Ceramext® Process which converts mine wastes and other siliceous waste materials to stone and ceramic building products. The following is a brief summary of its activities in the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2008.

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- Emgold's losses for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2008 ("Q2 2008") were \$1,215,081 or \$0.01 per share and \$2,346,568 or \$0.02 per share, respectively compared to losses of \$1,143,636 or \$0.01 per share and \$2,139,307 or \$0.03 per share, respectively in the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2007 ("Q2 2007").
- During Q2 2008, cash used in operations was \$1,064,029 compared to \$815,132 in Q2 2007. For the six-months ended June 30, 2008 cash used in operations was \$2,494,676 compared to \$1,769,463 for the six-month period ended June 30, 2007.
- Exploration expenditures on the Company's mineral property interests were \$624,679 in Q2 2008 compared to \$553,728 in Q2 2007. Exploration expenses on the Company's mineral property interests were \$1,232,131 for the six-month period ended June 30, 2008 compared to \$1,257,400 for the six-month period ended June 30, 2007. Exploration expenditures, which are expensed by the Company, were incurred primarily on the Idaho-Maryland property. The Company incurred \$624,022 on the Idaho Maryland property in Q2 2008 compared with \$552,925 in Q2 of 2007. For the six-month period ended June 30, 2008 the Company incurred \$1,166,553 in expenditures on the Idaho-Maryland property compared with \$1,268,848 for the six-month period ended June 30, 2007.
- During Q2 2008, the Company incurred expenses of \$94,733 (2007 - \$157,650) in relation to the Ceramext® process. Expenses incurred include amortization of research equipment - \$19,090 (2007 - \$19,754); Ceramext® technology royalties - \$40,000 (2007 - \$20,000) and legal and consulting fees - \$35,154 (2007 - \$Nil) associated with obtaining and maintaining international patents. For the six-month period ended June 30, 2008, the Company incurred expenses of \$198,965 related to the Ceramext® process compared with \$326,792 for the six-month period ended June 30, 2007.

During 2007, the Company completed a private placement for a total of 72,730,236 units issued at a price of Cdn\$0.11 per unit. Each unit was comprised of one fully paid and non-assessable common share of the Company and one transferable common share purchase warrant. Each warrant entitles the holder to subscribe for one additional previously unissued common share (a "Warrant Share") in the capital of the Company for a period of 24 months following the date of issue at an exercise price of Cdn\$0.15 per Warrant Share. Finders' fees to eligible finders ("the Finders") were paid in amounts equal to 8% of proceeds raised by such Finders, and 4,981,803 non-transferable warrants ("the Finder's Warrants"), equal to 8% of the number of units sold by such finders were also issued. Each of the Finder's Warrants is exercisable to acquire a unit of the Company (the "Finders' Units") at a price of Cdn\$0.11 per Finders' Unit for a period of 18 months from the date of issuance. Each Finder's Unit is comprised of one common share of the Company and one non-transferable common share purchase warrant of the Company exercisable to acquire one additional common share of the Company for a period of 24 months from the date of issuance of the Finder's Warrant at a price of Cdn\$0.15.

The Company's primary focus is and continues to be the exploration and permitting of the Idaho-Maryland Gold Property located near the City of Grass Valley in Nevada County, California, U.S.A. (the "I-M Project").

As previously announced, the Company is in the process of converting its wholly-owned subsidiary, Golden Bear Ceramics Company ("Golden Bear"), into an independent operating entity. This is intended to allow Golden Bear to pursue opportunities for growth and to commercialize the Ceramext® process and the construction of a series of production plants. Emgold plans to retain the right to employ

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the Ceramext® technology in connection with the operation of the I-M Project. Emgold is providing interim funding to Golden Bear as necessary to complete the separation, maintain the patents and intellectual property portfolio, and maintain the Ceramext® license agreement until the separation from Emgold is completed and Golden Bear is independently financed.

1.2.1 The I-M Project

The Idaho-Maryland Mine, located in Grass Valley, California was discovered in 1851, produced from 1862 through 1956, and is the second largest historical producer in California. Total recorded production was 2,383,000 ounces of gold from 5,546,000 short tons for a recovered grade of 0.43 ounces of gold per short ton.

During 2007, the Company negotiated an extension to the mining lease and option to purchase agreement for the IM Project. The revised agreement for the Idaho-Maryland Mine extends the purchase option exercise date from May 31, 2007 to December 31, 2008. All other conditions of the original option and lease agreement, including the option purchase price and net smelter royalty remain unchanged. The Company agreed to make quarterly option payments of \$75,000 beginning on May 1, 2007, and continuing for the term of the revised lease.

Permitting Process

The Company has applied for and intends to obtain all necessary permits for exploration, development, and re-opening of the Idaho-Maryland Mine. The permitting application includes the dewatering and exploration of the mine, as well as the development of up to a 2,400-ton per day operation with potential to produce over 250,000 ounces of gold per year.

In California, permitting is a well-defined process where companies work with the local communities and governments to define and mediate areas of potential concern. The Company is in the final stage of the permitting process and believes it has developed a good working relationship with all stakeholders in the local communities.

The IM Project is being permitted in accordance with the California Environmental Quality Act (“CEQA”) and the Surface Mining and Reclamation Act, as well as other local, State and Federal legislation. The City of Grass Valley (the “City”) is the Lead Agency for the CEQA process for the I-M Project. The initial permit applications were deemed substantially complete by the City on May 20, 2005 at which time the City completed the Master Environmental Assessment (“MEA”) finalized in June of 2006. Based on the comments in the MEA, comments received from the City, public comments received as part of the community relations program, and advances in the computer modeling and mine planning being done by IM staff, the Company elected to revise its permit application prior to proceeding with the Initial Study. On June 22, 2007, the City of Grass Valley accepted the Company’s revised permit application. The City completed an Initial Study on January 8, 2008 and the Company expects that the Environmental Impact Report (“EIR”) will be completed during the fourth quarter of 2008 to first quarter of 2009. It is anticipated that the CMUP may be issued by the City within 60-90 days of the EIR being completed.

There are a variety of operating permits and agreements that will be required with various regulatory agencies to operate the mine. The Company has also commenced work on final operating permits and other agreements to allow granting of these permits as quickly as possible after the EIR is completed.

Operation of the mine will require the submission and approval of additional environmental assessments. Environmental assessments of proposed project operations and permit approvals and conditions carry a heightened degree of responsibility for companies and directors, officers and employees. The cost of compliance with changes in governmental regulations has a potential to reduce or eliminate the profitability of operations. For example, if the Company is unable to obtain required

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permits, and the reasons that the permits cannot be obtained are deemed to be financially insurmountable, the development of the I-M Project would be curtailed, and the Company's operations in Grass Valley, California would cease.

Information about the IM Project is distributed at community events. Issues of concern to the community are addressed and communicated to all interested parties at public workshops and meetings and community events as well as through local news media, direct mail-outs, circulars and brochures. A website devoted to the I-M Project, www.idaho-maryland.com, provides general I-M Project information and permitting documentation and addresses community concerns regarding the expected impact of dewatering existing mine workings, underground development, exploration and the possible operation of a mine on the community and the environment. The Company has participated in public workshops held during the preparation of the draft EIR. The Company has responded to a number of data requests from the City and has been submitting responses on a timely basis to keep the permitting process on schedule.

Exploration and Resources

The existing mineral resources consist of 216 resource blocks that were defined in a National Instrument 43-101 Technical Report and Preliminary Assessment completed in November 2004 and subsequent geologic modeling by the Company's geologists.

Current resources include a measured and indicated resource of 1.7 million tons grading 0.28 opt containing 472,000 ounces of gold and an inferred resource of 2,570,000 tons grading 0.39 opt containing 1,002,000 ounces of gold.

The Company is continuing the process of computerizing all the historic geology and mine engineering data that was generated during mine operations from 1862 to 1956. This includes digitizing underground mine openings and entering of historic diamond drilling and assay information. Geological maps are currently being scanned and input into the computer model. This information will be used to create a new 43-101 compliant resource estimate and to identify new underground exploration targets. This is expected to be completed during 2008.

With the identification of these new underground exploration targets, the I-M Project has the potential to contain one of the largest high-grade underground gold exploration targets in North America.

Development of various underground exploration scenarios for the IM Project has commenced in parallel with resource modeling. Several internal scoping studies with cost estimates will be prepared in order to define the cost sensitivity and practicality of different methods of accessing the underground levels to conduct exploration and from which to mine early production targets.

All work is under the supervision of Mr. Robert Pease, Professional Geologist (California), Chief Geologist for the I-M Project and a Qualified Person in accordance with National Instrument 43-101.

Ceramext® Process

Emgold licensed the worldwide rights to the Ceramext® technology because of its potential to provide an effective tailings management strategy for the I-M Project while potentially contributing a significant revenue stream to the mine. The Company has since developed this technology to the pilot plant stage and it is now ready to be commercialized. The Company is providing interim funding to Golden Bear required to maintain the patents and intellectual property portfolio, and maintain the Ceramext® license agreement until the separation of Golden Bear from Emgold is completed and Golden Bear is independently financed. Emgold plans to retain the right to employ this technology in connection with the operation of the I-M Project.

Golden Bear represents a potential global business opportunity to process a wide range of siliceous and

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mineral wastes to produce high quality stone and ceramic building materials. Materials that have been successfully treated with the process include fines from aggregate quarries, waste from metal and industrial mineral mines, and fly ash from coal fired power plants. All these materials are waste by-products of production processes and the materials are currently disposed of in landfills. The products produced by Golden Bear (floor tile, wall tile, roof tile, etc.) are 100% recycled material and considered green building products. They will also qualify for Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design (“LEED”) credits.

1.2.2 Stewart and Jazz Properties, British Columbia

In 2001, the Company entered into an option agreement to acquire the rights to the Stewart mineral claims, a prospect located close to Nelson in south-eastern British Columbia. The Company will earn a 100% interest in the property by making payments totaling Cdn\$104,000 (\$80,000 paid) and issuing 260,000 common shares.

In March 2004, Emgold entered into an option agreement to acquire a 100% interest in the 600-hectare Jazz Property consisting of twenty-four mineral claims contiguous to the Stewart Property. Under the terms of the agreement Emgold has agreed to make total cash payments of \$215,000 (\$65,000 paid) to the optioner over a ten-year period.

Trenching and drilling work has been completed on the properties and assays received. An Assessment Report on exploration work completed in 2007 has been prepared and filed. Results from drilling and trenching are being reviewed in relation to historic exploration activity. An updated summary report on the properties is being prepared.

1.2.3 Rozan Property, British Columbia

In 2000, the Company entered into an option agreement to acquire the rights to the Rozan Gold Property, a prospect located south of the community of Nelson in the Red Mountain area of southeastern British Columbia. The Company earned a 100% interest in the property by making stepped payments totaling Cdn\$100,000 and issuing 200,000 common shares.

Due to weather conditions, only one drill hole was completed on the Rozan Property in 2007. Results from drilling are being reviewed in relation to historic exploration activity. An updated summary report on the properties is being prepared.

1.2.4 Market Trends

The price of gold has been increasing steadily over the past three years. The average London gold fix in 2007 averaged \$696 per ounce and has averaged \$911 per ounce during the year to date 2008.

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1.3 Selected Annual Information

The following information has been extracted from the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2007. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian generally accounting principles and are expressed in United States dollars.

	As at December 31, 2007	As at December 31, 2006	As at December 31, 2005
Current assets	\$ 5,281,621	\$ 2,925,022	\$ 3,737,703
Mineral property interests	942,448	910,672	859,531
Other assets	282,626	428,956	530,109
Total assets	6,506,695	4,264,650	5,127,343
Current liabilities	718,136	450,721	601,143
Preference shares	750,624	626,724	613,871
Capital lease obligation	25,661	31,504	--
Shareholders' equity	5,012,274	3,155,701	3,912,329
Total shareholders' equity and liabilities	\$ 6,506,695	\$ 4,264,650	\$ 5,127,343
Working capital	\$ 4,563,485	\$ 2,474,301	\$ 3,136,560

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	Years ended December 31,		
	2007	2006	2005
Expenses			
Amortization	\$ 76,423	\$ 88,291	\$ 61,400
Accretion of debt portion of preference shares	12,822	14,469	16,448
Ceramext® expenses	629,148	1,590,754	1,769,659
Exploration costs	3,188,134	1,796,199	1,668,224
Foreign exchange loss	63,988	15,771	8,148
Finance expense	54,692	48,614	44,966
Legal, accounting and audit	107,383	115,352	114,557
Management and consulting fees	107,996	60,827	31,582
Office and administration	372,647	451,710	448,357
Other consulting fees	18,844	30,089	68,600
Salaries and benefits	798,509	573,250	558,717
Shareholder communications	209,700	192,248	288,216
Stock-based compensation	399,830	65,526	143,979
Travel	104,057	126,360	131,770
Loss for the year before interest income	6,144,173	5,169,460	5,354,623
Interest income	(86,310)	(45,133)	(109,458)
Loss for the year before income taxes	6,057,863	5,124,327	5,245,165
Income tax recovery	(221,734)	--	--
Loss for the year before income taxes	5,836,129	5,124,327	5,245,165
Loss per share – basic and diluted	\$0.06	\$0.08	\$0.09
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding	102,077,466	67,199,081	57,782,811
Total common shares outstanding, end of year	156,489,642	83,759,406	65,538,099

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1.4 Results of Operations

Emgold's loss in Q2 2008 was \$1,215,081, or a loss per share of \$0.01, compared to a loss of \$1,143,636, or a loss per share of \$0.01 in Q2 2007. Emgold's loss for the six-months ended June 30, 2008 ("fiscal 2008") was \$2,346,568 or \$0.02 per shares compared with a loss of \$2,139,307 or \$0.03 per share for the six-month period ended June 30, 2007 ("fiscal 2007").

	Three-months ended June 30		Six-months ended June 30	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
Expenses				
Amortization	\$ 11,443	\$ 22,677	\$ 23,063	\$ 45,403
Accretion of debt portion of preference shares	3,400	3,123	6,814	6,049
Ceramex® expenses	94,733	157,650	198,965	326,792
Exploration expenses	624,679	553,728	1,232,131	1,257,400
Foreign exchange loss (gain)	(29,640)	11,493	83,699	14,401
Finance expense	14,357	13,362	28,794	25,939
Legal, accounting and audit	43,215	63,927	69,702	86,951
Management and consulting fees	41,790	9,710	114,780	18,699
Office and administration	101,042	84,439	188,137	165,479
Other consulting	--	4,294	--	18,844
Salaries and benefits	93,257	124,531	175,473	258,933
Stock-based compensation	167,966	--	167,966	--
Shareholder communications	48,568	63,246	89,708	125,942
Travel	12,851	44,181	16,140	68,044
	1,227,661	1,156,361	2,395,372	2,418,876
Other income				
Interest income	(12,580)	(9,427)	(48,804)	(28,220)
Gain on sale of equipment	--	(3,298)	--	(3,298)
Loss for the period	(1,215,081)	(1,143,636)	(2,346,568)	(2,387,358)
Recovery of future income taxes	--	--	--	248,051
Loss for the period	(1,215,081)	(1,143,636)	(2,346,568)	(2,139,307)
Deficit, beginning of period	(39,886,670)	(33,914,725)	(38,755,183)	(32,919,054)
Deficit, end of period	\$ (41,101,751)	\$ (35,058,361)	\$ (41,101,751)	\$ (35,058,361)
Loss per share – basic and diluted	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.02)	\$ (0.03)

Operating Results for the Year-to-date

Other income

During fiscal 2008 the Company earned interest income of \$48,804 on excess cash balances and short-term investments compared with \$28,220 in fiscal 2007. The increase was due to higher average cash and short-term investment balances held in fiscal 2008. The Company also sold equipment in fiscal 2007 resulting in a gain on sale of \$3,298. There were no such dispositions in fiscal 2008.

During fiscal 2007, the Company recognized a recovery of future income taxes of \$248,051. This future income tax recovery related to the renouncement of flow-through expenditures in fiscal 2007 associated with 2,283,000 flow-through units issued in 2006 at a price of Cdn\$0.38 per unit for gross proceeds of Cdn\$850,440. The Company did not renounce any further flow-through expenditures or engage in flow-through financing in fiscal 2008.

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General and administrative expenses:

Legal, accounting and audit fees decreased from \$86,951 in fiscal 2007 to \$69,702 in fiscal 2008. The decline in these expenses relates primary to a reduction in legal expenses due to less financing activity in fiscal 2008 compared with fiscal 2007.

Office and administration expenses increased from \$165,479 in fiscal 2007 to \$188,137 in fiscal 2008. These expenses included telephone, courier and other direct costs with the increase mainly due to inflation and timing of expenditures.

Management and consulting fees increased from \$18,699 in fiscal 2007 to \$14,780 in fiscal 2008. During the first quarter of 2008, the Company incurred a one-time agency fee in hiring the current Chief Financial Officer. In addition, the Company entered into consulting fee agreements during the fourth quarter of 2007 resulting in payments of Cdn\$14,000 per month to private companies controlled by two of the directors of the Company. In the prior period, the Company incurred consulting fees of Cdn\$10,000 to a private company controlled by one of its directors.

The Company incurred a foreign exchange loss of \$14,401 in fiscal 2007 compared to a foreign exchange loss of \$83,699 in fiscal 2008. The Company incurred losses on Canadian dollar denominated cash and short-term investment balances during the six-month period as the U.S. dollar strengthened relative to the Canadian dollar. Most of the Company's funds have been held in Canadian dollars, while most expenses incurred by the Company are in United States dollars.

Salaries and benefits decreased from \$258,933 in fiscal 2007 to \$175,473 in fiscal 2008. During the fourth quarter of 2007, the President and Chief Executive Officer and two other executives resigned from Emgold resulting in a reduction in fiscal 2008 and ongoing salary costs. This has been partially offset by the increase in management and consulting fees noted above.

Shareholder communications costs decreased from \$125,942 in fiscal 2007 to \$89,708 in fiscal 2008. These costs include dissemination of news releases, transfer agency fees, regulatory and filing fees as well as fees associated with the maintenance of the Company's website. In the first six months of 2007, the Company paid Michael Baybak and Company \$36,600 in conducting an investor relations program towards institutional investors. No similar program was undertaken in fiscal 2008.

Travel expense decreased from \$68,044 in fiscal 2007 to \$16,140 in fiscal 2008, due to decreased travel to Grass Valley and timing of management attendance at various trade shows and conferences.

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Exploration expenses:

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
Idaho-Maryland Mine, California				
Exploration costs				
Assays and analysis	\$ --	\$ 59	\$ --	\$ 59
Community relations	32,420	17,879	39,243	25,471
Geological and geochemical	122,149	121,007	242,957	251,192
Land lease and taxes	75,000	75,000	153,010	176,844
Mine planning	287,133	272,560	504,312	691,502
Site activities	47,612	65,387	161,724	121,774
Stock-based compensation	59,115	--	59,115	--
Transportation	593	1,033	6,192	2,006
Incurring during the period	624,022	552,925	1,166,553	1,268,848
Rozan Property, British Columbia				
Exploration costs				
Geological and geochemical	15	431	22,678	860
Site activities	52	194	95	251
Assistance and recoveries	--	--	900	(294)
Incurring during the period	67	625	23,673	817
Stewart Property, British Columbia				
Exploration costs				
Geological and geochemical	283	(105)	30,029	37
Site activities	149	153	158	157
Assistance and recoveries	--	--	11,079	(12,465)
Incurring during the period	432	48	41,266	(12,271)
Jazz Property, British Columbia				
Exploration costs				
Geological and geochemical	113	99	479	269
Site activities	45	31	160	44
Assistance and recoveries	--	--	-	(307)
Incurring during the period	158	130	639	6
Exploration costs incurred during the period	\$ 624,679	\$ 553,728	\$ 1,232,131	\$ 1,257,400

I-M Project

Direct exploration expenditures on the I-M Project decreased from \$1,268,848 in fiscal 2007 to \$1,166,553 in fiscal 2008. Mine planning, site activities and geological and geochemical costs include the ongoing digitization and evaluation of historical data and preparation of applications for permitting. The decrease relates to the timing of mine planning and permitting-related costs as the Company progresses through the three-phase permitting process with the City of Grass Valley.

British Columbia Properties

Exploration expenditures on the Rozan, Stewart and Jazz properties totalled \$1,618, before government assistance and recoveries of \$13,066 received in fiscal 2007. In fiscal 2008, the Company incurred \$65,578 primarily in relation to geological expenses associated with evaluating the results of the Q4 2007 drilling program for the Rozan and Stewart properties.

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Research and development expenses:

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
Ceramext® Expenses				
Amortization of research equipment	\$ 19,090	\$ 19,754	\$ 39,382	\$ 41,809
Ceramext® technology royalties	40,000	20,000	80,000	40,000
Consulting and legal fees	35,154	--	54,691	1,407
Office and administration	--	82,386	23,822	170,935
Site costs	--	33,489	--	64,800
Other	489	2,021	1,070	7,841
Incurring during the period	\$ 94,733	\$ 157,650	\$ 198,965	\$ 326,792

In fiscal 2007 the Company incurred \$326,792 in expenditures directly related to the development of the Ceramext® Process compared to \$198,965 in fiscal 2008. The decrease is due to limiting activities to patenting and licensing while independent financing is being sourced for Golden Bear Ceramics. Costs incurred in fiscal 2008 relate primarily to obtaining additional international patents and maintaining existing patents and the intellectual property portfolio as well as the Ceramext® licensing agreement.

Operating results for the three-month period ended June 30, 2008

During Q2 2007 the Company earned interest income of \$9,427 on excess cash and short-term investment balances compared to \$12,580 in Q2 2008. The increase was due to higher average cash and short-term investment balances held in Q2 2008 compared with Q2 2007.

General and administrative expenses:

Legal, accounting and audit fees decreased from \$63,927 in Q2 2007 to \$43,215 in Q2 2008. Q2 2008 legal expenditures were lower than those incurred in Q2 2007 levels due to relatively limited activity during the quarter.

Office and administration expenses increased from \$84,439 in Q2 2007 to \$101,042 in Q2 2008. These included telephone, courier and other direct costs with the increase primarily due to general price inflation and the timing of expenditures.

Management and consulting fees increased from \$9,710 in Q2 2007 to \$41,790 in Q1 2008. The Company entered into consulting fee agreements during Q4 2007 resulting in payments of Cdn\$14,000 per month in total to private companies controlled by two of the directors of the Company. In the prior period, the Company incurred consulting fees of Cdn\$10,000 to a private company controlled by one of the Company's directors.

The Company incurred a foreign exchange loss of \$11,493 in Q2 2007 compared to a foreign exchange gain of \$29,640 in Q2 2008. The Company recorded a gain on Canadian dollar denominated cash and short-term investment balances during the three-month period as the U.S. dollar weakened relative to the Canadian dollar. Most of the Company's funds have been held in Canadian dollars, while most expenses incurred by the Company are in United States dollars.

Salaries and benefits decreased from \$124,531 in Q2 2007 to \$93,257 in Q2 2008. During the fourth quarter of 2007, the President and Chief Executive Officer and two other executives resigned from Emgold resulting in a reduction of ongoing salary costs.

Shareholder communications costs decreased from \$63,246 in Q2 2007 to \$48,568 in Q2 2008. These

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costs include dissemination of news releases, transfer agency fees, regulatory and filing fees as well as fees associated with the maintenance of the Company's website. In Q2 2007, the Company paid Michael Baybak and Company \$20,708 in conducting an investor relations program towards institutional investors. No similar program was undertaken in Q2 2008.

Travel expense decreased from \$44,181 in Q2 2007 to \$12,851 in Q2 2008, due to decreased travel to Grass Valley and timing of management attendance at various trade shows and conferences.

Exploration expenses:

I-M Project

Direct exploration expenditures on the I-M Project increased from \$552,925 in Q2 2007 to \$624,022 in Q2 2008. The increase in second quarter expenses compared with the prior year relates to the timing of mine planning and permitting related costs as the Company progresses through the three-phase permitting process with the City of Grass Valley.

British Columbia Properties

Exploration expenditures on the Rozan, Stewart and Jazz properties totalled \$803, in Q2 2007 compared to \$657 in Q2 2008 as geological expenses incurred in reviewing the results of the 2007 drilling program were lower than originally accrued in the first quarter.

Research and development expenses:

In Q2 2007 the Company incurred \$157,650 in expenditures directly related to the development of the Ceramext® Process compared to \$94,733 in Q2 2008. The decrease relates to limiting activities to only patenting and licensing while independent financing is being sourced for Golden Bear Ceramics. Costs incurred in Q2 2008 relate primarily to maintaining the patents and intellectual property portfolio and the Ceramext® licensing agreement while the Company seeks independent financing for Golden Bear.

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1.5 Summary of Quarterly Results (Unaudited)

The table below provides, for each of the most recent eight quarters, a summary of exploration costs on a project-by-project basis and of corporate expenses.

	Ceramext® Process	Idaho- Maryland Property, California	Rozan Property, British Columbia	Stewart Property, British Columbia	Jazz Property, British Columbia	General and administrative expenses (Note 1)	Loss per Quarter	Quarterly Loss per share
2006								
First Quarter	329,869	496,066	84	1,328	--	540,020	1,344,263	0.02
Second Quarter	390,124	384,207	126	207	84	565,862	1,327,821	0.02
Third Quarter	458,999	466,736	--	834	172	328,856	1,252,787	0.02
Fourth Quarter	411,762	445,140	(29)	1,281	(37)	347,769	1,199,456	0.02
2007								
First Quarter	169,142	715,923	192	(12,320)	(124)	368,225	995,671	0.01
Second Quarter	157,650	552,925	625	48	130	441,685	1,143,636	0.01
Third Quarter	179,988	509,669	8,408	349,651	9,346	357,550	1,435,175	0.02
Fourth Quarter	122,368	570,936	102,030	377,277	3,418	1,137,954	2,261,647	0.01
2008								
First Quarter	104,232	542,533	23,606	40,833	480	456,027	1,131,487	0.01
Second Quarter	94,733	624,022	67	432	158	508,231	1,215,081	0.01

Note 1: General and administrative expenses do not include interest revenue, recovery of future income tax, or gain on sale of equipment.

Variances between quarters are primarily affected by the Company's activities and progress on its exploration and permitting of the I-M Project. Changes in the level of funds raised by private placement or other forms of financing may cause delays in planned expenditures from quarter to quarter. These are discretionary costs, primarily related to the timing and availability of hiring external consultants related to the permitting process or capital expenditures, which may be delayed. General and administrative expenses are expected to remain at approximately \$115,000 per month.

1.6 Liquidity

Historically, the Company's sole source of funding is and has been the issuance of equity securities for cash, primarily through private placements to sophisticated investors and institutions. The Company has issued common shares in each of the past few years, pursuant to private placement financings and the exercise of warrants and options.

To date, the Company has been able to advance all of its planned activities related to the I-M Project and to the development of the Ceramext® Process.

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Contractual and Other Obligations

The following table summarizes the Company's contractual obligations as at June 30, 2008:

	July 1, 2008, to December 31, 2008	1-2 years	2-3 years	3-4 years	4-5 years	5 th and subsequent years (2)	Total (to 5 years)
Capital lease	\$ 2,985	\$ 8,358	\$ 8,358	\$ 8,358	\$ 4,877	\$ --	\$ 32,936
Operating lease obligations	131,568	263,136	65,784	--	--	--	460,488
Idaho-Maryland property lease (1)	225,000	--	--	--	--	--	225,000
Mineral property option payments (1)	--	25,000	25,000	25,000	25,000	25,000	125,000
Ceramext® royalties and payments	80,000	160,000	160,000	160,000	160,000	160,000	880,000
Purchase obligations (3)	5,194,127	--	--	--	--	--	5,194,127
Asset retirement obligations	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	<u>\$5,633,680</u>	<u>\$ 456,494</u>	<u>\$ 259,142</u>	<u>\$ 193,358</u>	<u>\$ 189,877</u>	<u>\$ 185,000</u>	<u>\$6,917,551</u>

(1) Mineral property option payments are made at the option of the Company; however non-payment of mineral property leases may result in forfeiture of Emgold's rights to a particular property.

(2) The amount shown in '5th and subsequent years' is a per-year figure.

(3) The Company holds an option to purchase the Idaho-Maryland mine. The option exercise price for 2002 was \$4,350,000, and increases by 3% each lease-year. The lease agreement and option to purchase, as amended, expires December 31, 2008.

Investing Activities

At June 30, 2008, Emgold has capitalized \$962,448 representing costs associated with the acquisition of its mineral property interests in California and British Columbia. The Company has equipment with a book value of \$216,085 at June 30, 2008.

The Company has a capital lease, relating to a vehicle purchase, payable at \$697 monthly. Lease obligations are \$5,843 for fiscal 2008 and \$5,976 for a one-year period from June 30, 2008.

1.7 Capital Resources

At June 30, 2008, Emgold's working capital, defined as current assets less current liabilities, was \$2,595,906, compared to \$4,563,485 at December 31, 2007. The Company's continuing operations are dependent upon its ability to obtain sufficient financing to carry on planned operations.

At June 30, 2008 the Company had 157,519,642 common shares issued and outstanding compared with 156,489,642 at December 31, 2007. The Company also had 3,948,428 Class A preference shares, which are convertible to 987,107 common shares at both June 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007. Dividends deemed to have been paid could also result in dilution of approximately 386,500 shares at June 30, 2008.

Additional financings will likely be required in fiscal 2008 in order for the IM Project and the Company to move forward as scheduled. Some of the risks of the Project are detailed below, with the additional risk that if the Company needs to curtail operations due to lack of adequate funding, the permitting process will be delayed.

Emgold has been looking at various alternatives for further development and commercialization of the Ceramext® technology as noted above. The Company has produced stone and ceramic tiles in its pilot

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plant facility that were installed in a home/office complex being constructed by a development partner in the research process.

Ongoing Plans

The Company is focusing on the permitting required for the I-M Project in Grass Valley. The I-M Project is entering the final stages of the permitting process and is requiring a substantial amount of the Company's financial and management resources. The Company is also actively seeking separate financing for commercialization of the Ceramext® technology.

Risks

At June 30, 2008, it is estimated that approximately \$6.0 - \$8.0 million in total working capital may be required to operate the Company over the next twelve months, including environmental monitoring, permitting and preliminary engineering costs associated with obtaining the CMUP as well as costs associated with the Company's option to purchase the Idaho-Maryland mine under the existing lease agreement. The estimated direct costs for environmental monitoring, permitting and community relations costs leading to the award of the CMUP on the I-M Project will be approximately \$3.0 million, including internal and external costs and 15% contingency.

The Company has a very proactive and successful community outreach program to inform local residents and decision makers about the I-M Project and its benefits to the region. Additional environmental investigations are required as a part of the permitting process and for the future development of the surface properties for the purposes of underground exploration and possible mining and milling of ore. The Company believes that the expected time frame for obtaining the permits is reasonable and that the permitting process is on schedule subject to additional requests from the City and provided the Company is able to obtain adequate funding through the remainder permitting process. The Company has engaged numerous independent consultants to assist with preparation of information for the EIR and to obtain a CMUP from the City of Grass Valley and other local and state agencies. This is expected to occur in the early part of 2009.

The Company continues to expand the resource at the I-M Project and develop new exploration targets. When the Company obtains the CMUP, the Company plans to conduct underground exploration leading to the completion of a feasibility study for a 2,400 STPD underground gold mine mill. The Company's management and technical teams believe that the I-M Project represents one of the largest high-grade, underground gold exploration opportunities in North America.

The Company's exploration activities and its potential mining and processing operations are subject to various laws governing land use, the protection of the environment, prospecting, development, production, contractor availability, commodity prices, exports, taxes, labour standards, occupational safety and health, waste disposal, toxic substances, mine safety and other matters. The Company believes it is in substantial compliance with all material laws and regulations which currently apply to its activities. There is no assurance that the Company will be able to obtain all permits required for exploration, development and construction of mining facilities and conduct of mining operations on reasonable terms or that new legislation or modifications to existing legislation, would not have an adverse effect on any exploration or mining project which the Company might undertake.

The Company has been performing remediation activities on an on-going basis. As such, management feels that there is no significant reclamation liability outstanding on properties owned by the Company. Much of the Company's exploration activities in California comprise the digitization of historical information. No drilling has been conducted since 2004, and reclamation related to drilling was completed at that time.

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The low price of Emgold's common stock limits the ability to raise additional capital by issuing additional shares. There are several reasons for these effects. First, the internal policies of certain institutional investors prohibit the purchase of low-priced stocks. Second, many brokerage houses do not permit low-priced stocks to be used as collateral for margin accounts or to be purchased on margin. Third, some brokerage house policies and practices tend to discourage individual brokers from dealing in low-priced stocks. Finally, broker's commissions on low-priced stocks usually represent a higher percentage of the stock price than commissions on higher priced stocks. As a result, Emgold's shareholders pay transaction costs that are a higher percentage of their total share value than if Emgold's share price were substantially higher.

Readers are cautioned that the CMUP is required in order to dewater the existing mine workings at the I-M Project and to construct access to the underground to conduct underground exploration and complete feasibility work. A production decision must be made before the mine can go into gold production.

The Company is in the process of exploring its mineral property interests and has not yet determined whether its mineral property interests contain mineral reserves that are economically recoverable. The Company has also been developing and commercializing a system of proprietary technologies for the production of high value ceramic products from siliceous minerals and waste materials. The Company's continuing operations and the underlying value and recoverability of the amounts shown for mineral property interests or development of the proprietary technologies are entirely dependent upon the existence of economically recoverable mineral reserves, the ability of the Company to obtain the necessary financing to complete the exploration and development of the mineral property interests and novel technology, and on future profitable production or proceeds from the disposition of the mineral property interests or the new technology.

Although there have been over 40 gold mines permitted for operations in California since the CEQA legislation was enacted in the 1960s, there seems to remain a general perception in the mining industry and financial community that it is not possible to permit a mine in California and this has seriously impeded the Company's efforts to obtain required equity financing. The number of gold mines permitted and put into production is only a small fraction of the other mineral and metal mining production in California. According to the United States Bureau of Economic Analysis, California's Gross Domestic Product ("GDP") for mining in 2006 was nearly \$13 billion while Nevada's GDP for mining in 2006 was only \$2 billion. California continues to be a significant mining jurisdiction although a Fraser Institute survey in Canada rated California among the least attractive jurisdictions for mining throughout the world. The Company believes that this is an unfair and unrealistic assessment of the mine permit process in California, as all permits applied for by the Company since its acquisition of the I-M Project have been obtained to date. The perception that California is not an hospitable or significant mining jurisdiction has made it extremely difficult for the Company to obtain adequate financing for the permitting of the I-M Project, and has caused delays in anticipated timing of the permit schedule.

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1.8 Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

The Company has no off-balance sheet arrangements.

1.9 Transactions with Related Parties

Balances receivable from:	June 30, 2008	December 31, 2007
LMC Management Services Ltd.	\$ 365,198	\$ 100,493
Balances payable to:		
Directors, officers and employees	\$ 321,242	\$ 386,369

- (a) During the six months ended June 30, 2008, \$225,032 (2007 - \$216,599) was incurred in management, administrative, geological and other services provided by LMC Management Services Ltd. ("LMC"), a private company held jointly by the Company and other public companies, to provide services on a full cost recovery basis to the various public entities currently sharing office space with the Company. Currently, the Company has a 25% interest in LMC. Three months of estimated working capital is required to be on deposit with LMC under the terms of the services agreement. There is no difference between the cost of \$1 and equity value, as LMC does not retain any profits in connection with the services it provides.
- (b) Consulting fees of \$41,919 (2007 - \$18,698) were paid directly to Kent Avenue Consulting Ltd., a private company controlled by a director, Sargent H. Berner. Consulting fees of \$34,916 (2007 - \$Nil) were also paid directly to 759924 Ontario Ltd., a private company controlled by a director, Kenneth Yurichuk.
- (c) Lang Mining Corporation ("Lang Mining") is a private company controlled by Frank A. Lang, a significant shareholder of the Company. Mr. Lang and Lang Mining Corporation are the holders of preference shares.
- (d) Related party balances are non-interest bearing and are due on demand, with no fixed terms of repayment, except for the Company's preference shares as outlined below.

Series A First Preference Shares

Equity portion of Class A Convertible Preference Shares		
	Number of Shares	Amount
Balance, beginning and end of period	3,948,428	\$ 90,902
Debt Portion of Class A Preference Shares		
	June 30, 2008	December 31, 2007
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 750,624	\$ 626,724
Accretion of debt	6,814	12,822
Foreign exchange (gain) / loss on debt	(22,118)	111,078
Balance, end of period	\$ 735,320	\$ 750,624

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During fiscal 2003, the Company entered into an agreement to issue 3,948,428 Class A Convertible Preference Shares in full satisfaction of an aggregate Cdn\$789,686 of indebtedness owing to related parties.

The Class A Convertible Preference Shares have no fixed term, rank in priority to the Company's common shares and are entitled to fixed cumulative preferential dividends at a rate of 7% per annum. The shares are redeemable by the Company at any time after 30 days written notice at a redemption price of Cdn\$0.20 per share, but are redeemable by the holder only out of funds available that are not, in the Company's opinion, otherwise required for the development of the Company's mineral property interests or to maintain a minimum of Cdn\$2,000,000 in working capital.

The Class A Convertible Preference Shares are convertible, at the option of the holder, into common shares at any time at a ratio of one common share for every four Class A Convertible Preference Shares. The Preference Shares also have attached a gold redemption feature by which holders may elect at the time of any proposed redemption to receive gold valued at \$300 per ounce in lieu of cash, provided the Company has on hand at the time gold having an aggregate value of not less than the redemption amount.

The value of the convertible preference shares was split into a debt component and an equity component. This resulted in \$90,902 being included in equity. The debt portion of the preference shares fluctuates due to both accretion and fluctuations in the Canadian to U.S. dollar exchange rate. At June 30, 2008, \$303,204 (December 31, 2007 - \$284,146) has been accrued in due to related parties in relation to the 7% fixed cumulative preferential dividends. Dividends payable on the preference shares are recorded when they are declared by the Board of Directors, but will remain unpaid until the Company has the resources to do so. The debt portion of the convertible preference shares is being accreted over ten years from inception. This period is based on management's best estimate of the life of the convertible preference shares, and is reassessed annually.

1.10 Fourth Quarter

Not applicable.

1.11 Proposed Transactions

There are no proposed asset or business acquisitions or dispositions before the board of directors for consideration, other than those in the ordinary course of business.

1.12 Critical Accounting Estimates

Critical accounting estimates used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements include the Company's estimate of recoverable value of its mineral properties as well as the value of stock-based compensation. Both of these estimates involve considerable judgment and are, or could be, affected by significant factors that are out of the Company's control. The factors affecting stock-based compensation include estimates of when stock options might be exercised and the stock price volatility. The timing for exercise of options is out of the Company's control and will depend upon a variety of factors including the market value of the Company's shares and financial objectives of the stock-based instrument holders. The future volatility is also uncertain and the model has its limitations. The Company uses the Black-Scholes option pricing model to estimate a value for these options.

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The Company's recoverability of the recorded value of its mineral properties is based on market conditions for minerals, underlying mineral resources associated with the properties and future costs that may be required for ultimate realization through mining operations or by sale. The Company is in an industry that is dependent on a number of factors including environmental, legal and political risks, the existence of economically recoverable reserves, the ability of the Company and its subsidiaries to obtain necessary financing to complete the development and future profitable production or the proceeds of disposition thereof.

1.13 Critical Accounting Policies and Changes in Accounting Policies

The accounting policies followed by the Company are set out in note 2 to the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2007, and have been consistently followed in the preparation of these financial statements. The Company has adopted the following Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants guidelines effective for the Company's first interim period commencing January 1, 2008:

a) Capital disclosures

CICA handbook section 1535, "Capital Disclosures", establishes standards for disclosing information about the Company's capital and how it is managed including (i) an entity's objectives, policies and processes for managing capital, (ii) quantitative data about what an entity considers capital, (iii) whether the entity is in compliance with capital requirements; and (iv) if it has not complied, the consequences of such non-compliance.

b) Financial instruments disclosures

The CICA issued handbook section 3862, "Financial Instruments – Disclosure" and section 3863 "Financial Instruments – Presentation" which are effective for fiscal years beginning on or after October 1, 2007. CICA handbook section 3862, "Financial Instruments – Disclosures", requires entities to provide disclosure of quantitative and qualitative information in their financial statements. This information enables users to evaluate the significance of financial instruments on the Company's operations and the nature and extent of risks arising from financial instruments to which the Company is exposed during the period and at the balance sheet date. The Company will be required to disclose the measurement bases used for its financial instruments as well as the criteria used to determine the classification for different types of instruments.

The purpose of CICA handbook section 3863 "Financial Instruments – Presentation" is to enhance the financial statement users' understanding of the significance of financial instruments to the Company's financial position, performance and cash flows.

c) General standards on financial statement presentation

CICA handbook section 1400, "General Standards on Financial Statement Presentation", has been amended to include requirements to assess and disclose a Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The changes are effective for interim and annual financial statements beginning January 1, 2008.

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1.14 Financial Instruments and Other Instruments

The Company's financial instruments comprise cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments accounts receivable, amounts due to/from related parties, accrued liabilities, accounts payable, and the current portion of capital lease obligations. A significant portion of the Company's current assets are held in Canadian dollars. To date the Company has not made use of currency hedges.

The fair value of these financial instruments approximates their carrying value, except for dividends payable on preference shares, due to the immediate or short-term maturity of the financial instruments.

Given the uncertainty of the timing of the payment of dividends accrued on preference shares, it is not possible to determine the fair value of this balance. The Company's non-current financial instruments comprise the debt component of preference shares and the non-current portion of capital lease obligations. The preference shares are not traded on any public market. The fair value of the preference shares is dependent on many factors including interest rates, the price of gold, and the market value of the Company's common shares. As a result of these indirect influences, the fair value of the components of the preference shares is difficult to determine. Based upon an analysis of discounted cash flows, the fair value of the debt component is estimated to be approximately \$730,000 at June 30, 2008. The debt component of preference shares, however, is being accreted from the initial discounted value to the full value over a ten-year period ending in 2013 and as such reflects the fair value of the instrument.

1.15. Other MD & A Requirements

See the interim consolidated financial statements for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2008 and 2007.

1.15.1 Additional Disclosure for Venture Issuers without Significant Revenue

- (a) capitalized or expensed exploration and development costs

See Item 1.4 in this Quarterly Report.

- (b) expensed research costs

See Item 1.4 in this Quarterly Report.

- (c) deferred development costs

Not applicable.

- (d) general administrative expenses

The required disclosure is presented in the interim consolidated Statements of Operations.

- (e) any material costs, whether capitalized, deferred or expensed, not referred to in (a) through (d)

None.

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1.15.2 Disclosure of Outstanding Share Data

The following details the share capital structure as of August 27, 2008, the date of this MD&A, subject to minor accounting adjustments:

Outstanding share information at August 27, 2008

- (a) **Authorized Capital**
- Unlimited number of common shares without par value.
Unlimited number of preference shares without par value.
- (b) **Issued and Outstanding Capital**
- 157,519,642 common shares are issued and outstanding.
- 3,948,428 Series A First Preference shares.

Stock Options Outstanding

Exercise Price (Cdn\$)	Number Outstanding	Expiry Date
\$0.25	20,000	January 15, 2009
\$0.25	150,000	June 11, 2009
\$0.10	428,000	October 12, 2011
\$1.00	2,410,000	November 19, 2013
\$0.90	1,745,000	July 12, 2014
\$0.36	160,000	June 28, 2010
\$0.29	820,000	November 22, 2011
\$0.15	7,802,500	December 11, 2012
\$0.20	2,100,000	May 12, 2013
	15,635,500	

During the six-month period ended June 30, 2008, 75,000 stock options expired with exercise prices between \$0.90 and \$1.00 and 82,500 stock options were exercised by an officer of the Company with an exercise price of \$0.15. At June 30, 2008, 15,635,500 stock options were outstanding and exercisable for periods up to ten years.

On May 12, 2008, the Company granted 1,900,000 stock options to employees at an exercise price of \$0.20 with an expiry date of May 12, 2013. The fair value of the stock options granted was estimated on the grant date using a Black-Scholes option-pricing model with weighted average assumptions as follows: risk-free interest rate – 3.60%; expected life – 4.1 years; expected volatility – 78%; and a weighted average fair value per option granted of Cdn\$0.12. The options vested immediately under the Company’s 2005 10% rolling Stock Option Plan.

On May 12, 2008, the Company also granted 200,000 stock options to a consultant at an exercise price of \$0.20, with an expiry date of May 12, 2013. The fair value of the stock options granted was estimated on the date of grant using a Black-Scholes option-pricing model with weighted average assumptions as follows: risk-free interest rate – 3.60%; expected life – 4.1 years; expected volatility – 78%; and a weighted average fair value per option granted of \$0.12. The options vest straight-line over a 12 month-period.

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Warrants Outstanding

Number of Warrants	Exercise Price	Expiry Date
713,100	Cdn\$1.00	September 15, 2008
14,344,105	Cdn\$0.40	December 6, 2008
1,119,000	Cdn\$0.50	December 6, 2008
179,040	Cdn\$0.26	December 6, 2008
1,147,529	Cdn\$0.26	December 6, 2008
89,520*	Cdn\$0.50	December 6, 2008
1,147,529*	Cdn\$0.40	December 6, 2008
54,519,569	Cdn\$0.15	September 27, 2009
3,393,323	Cdn\$0.11	March 27, 2009
3,393,323*	Cdn\$0.15	March 27, 2009
7,358,000	Cdn\$0.15	October 5, 2009
416,080	Cdn\$0.11	April 5, 2009
416,080*	Cdn\$0.15	April 5, 2009
11,010,167	Cdn\$0.15	October 12, 2009
622,400	Cdn\$0.11	April 12, 2009
622,400*	Cdn\$0.15	April 12, 2009
Weighted Average Exercise		
100,491,165	Price: Cdn\$0.20	

*Reserved for underlying warrants upon the exercise of broker and finder's warrants.

1.16 Other Information

Controls and Procedures

As of June 30, 2008, we carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our President and Chief Financial Officer of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures. Based on this evaluation, our President and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective to ensure that information required to be (a) disclosed is recorded, processed, summarized and reported in a timely manner and (b) disclosed in the reports that we file or submit and is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our President and Chief Financial Officer, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

We have designed, or caused to be designed under our supervision, internal controls over financial reporting to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in Canada.

There were no changes in the Company's internal controls over financial reporting during the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2008, that have materially affected or are reasonably likely to materially affect its internal controls over financial reporting.

Emgold Mining Corporation
For the three-months and six-month periods ended
June 30, 2008
(expressed in United States dollars, unless otherwise stated)

Approval

The Board of Directors of Emgold Mining Corporation has approved the disclosure contained in the Annual MD&A. A copy of this Annual MD&A will be provided to anyone who requests it and can be located, along with additional information, on the SEDAR website at www.sedar.com.

Caution on Forward-Looking Information

This MD&A includes forward-looking statements, such as estimates and statements that describe the Company's future plans, objectives or goals, including words to the effect that the Company or management expects a stated condition or result to occur. Since forward-looking statements address future events and conditions, by their very nature, they involve inherent risks and uncertainties. Actual results in each case could differ materially from those currently anticipated in such statements and the Company expressly disclaims any obligation to revise or update forward-looking statements in the event actual results differ from those currently anticipated.